SECTION E

SECTION E APPLIES IF THE PRICE OF THIS CONTRACT EXCEEDS \$100,000

E.1 FAR 52.203-12 LIMITATION ON PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS (JAN 1990)

(a) Definitions.

"Agency" as used in this clause, means executive agency as defined in 2.101.

"Covered Federal action," as used in this clause, means any of the following Federal actions:

- (a) The awarding of any Federal contract.
- (b) The making of any Federal grant.
- (c) The making of any Federal loan.
- (d) The entering into of any cooperative agreement.
- (e) The extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
 - (f) The contract award.

"Indian tribe" and "tribal organization" as used in this clause, have the meaning provided in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450B) and include Alaskan natives.

"Influencing or attempting to influence," as used in this clause, means making, with the intent to influence, any communication to or appearance before an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any covered Federal action.

"Local government," as used in this clause, means a unit of government in a State and, if chartered, established, or otherwise recognized by a State for the performance of a governmental duty, including a local public authority, a special district, an intrastate district, a council of governments, a sponsor group representative organization, and any other instrumentality of a local government.

"Officer or employee of an agency," as used in this clause, includes the following individuals who are employed by an agency:

- (a) An individual who is appointed to a position in the Government under title 5, United States Code, including a position under a temporary appointment.
- (b) A member of the uniformed services, as defined in subsection 101(3), title 37, United States Code.
- (c) A special Government employee, as defined in section 202, title 18, United States Code.
- (d) An individual who is a member of a Federal advisory committee, as defined by the Federal Advisory Committee Act, title 5, United States Code, appendix 2.

"Person," as used in this clause, means an individual, corporation, company, association, authority, firm, partnership, society, State, and local government, regardless of whether such entity is operated for profit, or not for profit. This term excludes an Indian tribe, tribal organization, or any other Indian organization with respect to expenditures specifically permitted by other Federal law.

"Reasonable compensation," as used in this clause, means with respect to a regularly employed officer or employee of any person, compensation that is consistent with the normal compensation for such officer or employee for

work that is not furnished to, not funded by, or not furnished in cooperation with the Federal Government.

"Reasonable payment," as used in this clause, means with respect to professional and other technical services, a payment in an amount that is consistent with the amount normally paid for such services in the private sector.

"Recipient," as used in this clause, includes the Seller and all Seller's subcontractors. This term excludes an Indian tribe, tribal organization, or any other Indian organization with respect to expenditures specifically permitted by other Federal law.

"Regularly employed," as used in this clause, means, with respect to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a Federal contract, an officer or employee who is employed by such person for a least 130 working days within 1 year immediately preceding the date of the submission that initiates agency consideration of such person for receipt of such contract. An officer or employee who is employed by such person for less than 130 working days within 1 year immediately preceding the date of the submission that initiates agency consideration of such person shall be considered to be regularly employed as soon as he or she is employed by such person for 130 working days.

"State," as used in this clause, means a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, a territory or possession of the United States, an agency or instrumentality of a State, and multi-State, regional, or interstate entity having governmental duties and powers.

(b) Prohibitions.

(1) Section 1352 of title 31, United States Code, among other things, prohibits a recipient of a Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement from using appropriated funds to pay any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any of the following covered Federal actions: the awarding of any Federal contract; the making of any Federal grant; the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement; or the modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

(2) The Act also requires Sellers to furnish a disclosure if any funds other than Federal appropriated funds (including profit or fee received under a covered Federal transaction) have been paid, or will be paid, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, or an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with a Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

 $\hspace{1.5cm} \textbf{(3) The prohibitions of the Act do not apply under the following conditions:} \\$

(i) Agency and legislative liaison by own

employees.

(A) The prohibition on the use of appropriated funds, in subparagraph (b)(1) of this clause, does not apply in the case of a payment of reasonable compensation made to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action if the payment is for agency and legislative liaison activities nor directly related to a covered Federal action.

(B) For purposes of subdivision

(b)(3)(i)(A) of this clause, providing any information specifically requested by an agency or Congress is permitted at any time.

(C) The following agency and legislative liaison activities are permitted at any time where they are not related to a specific solicitation for any covered Federal action:

(1) Discussing with an agency the qualities and characteristics (including individual demonstrations) of the person's products or services, conditions or terms of sale, and service capabilities.

(2) Technical

discussions and other activities regarding the application or adaptation of the person's products or services for an agency's use.

(D) The following agency and legislative liaison activities are permitted where they are prior to formal solicitation of any covered Federal action.

(1) Providing any information not specifically requested by necessary for an agency to make an informed decision about initiation of a covered Federal action;

(2) Technical

discussions regarding the preparation of an unsolicited proposal prior to its official submission; and

(3) Capability

presentations by persons seeking awards from an agency pursuant to the provisions of the Small Business Act, as amended by Pub. L. 95-507, and subsequent amendments.

(E) Only those services expressly

authorized by subdivision (b)(3)(i)(A) of this clause are permitted under this clause

(ii) Professional and technical services.

 $(A)\ The\ prohibition\ on\ the\ use\ of\ appropriated\ funds,\ in\ subparagraph\ (b)(1)\ of\ this\ clause,\ does\ not\ apply\ in\ the\ case\ of-$

(1) A payment of reasonable compensation made to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action or an extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification or a covered Federal action, if payment is for professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of any bid, proposal, or application for that Federal action or for meeting requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving that Federal action.

(2) Any reasonable payment to a person other than an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal or an extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification or a covered Federal action, if payment is for professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of any bid, proposal, or application for that Federal action or for meeting requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving that Federal action. Persons other than officers or employees of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action include consultants and trade associations.

 $(B)\ \ For\ purposes\ \ of\ subdivision$ $(b)(3)(ii)(A)\ of\ this\ clause,\ "professional\ and\ technical\ services"\ shall\ be\ limited$ to advice and analysis directly applying any professional or technical discipline. For example, drafting of a legal document accompanying a bid or proposal by

a lawyer is allowable. Similarly, technical advice provided by an engineer on the performance or operational capability of a piece of equipment rendered directly in the negotiation of a contract is allowable. However, communications with the intent to influence made by a professional (such as a licensed lawyer) or a technical person (such as a licensed accountant) are not allowable under this section unless they provided advice and analysis directly applying their professional or technical expertise and unless the advice or analysis is rendered directly and solely in the preparation, submission or negotiation of a covered Federal action. Thus, for example, communications with the intent to influence made by a lawyer that do not provided legal advice or analysis directly and solely related to the legal aspects of his or her client's proposal, but generally advocate one proposal over another are not allowable under this section because the lawyer is not providing professional legal services. Similarly communications with the intent to influence made by an engineer providing an engineering analysis prior to the preparation or submission of a bid or proposal are not allowable under this section since the engineer is providing technical services but not directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of a covered Federal action.

(C) Requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving a covered Federal award include those required by law or regulation and any other requirements in the actual award documents.

(D) Only those services expressly authorized by subdivision (b)(3)(ii)(A)(1) and (2) of this clause are permitted under this clause.

(E) The reporting requirements of FAR 3.803(a) shall not apply with respect to payments of reasonable compensation made to regularly employed officers or employees of a person.

(c) Disclosure.

- (1) The Seller who requests or receives from an agency a Federal contract shall file with that agency a disclosure form, OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, if such person has made or has agreed to make any payment using nonappropriated funds (to include profits from any covered Federal action), which would be prohibited under subparagraph (b)(1) of this clause, if paid for with appropriated funds.
- (2) The Seller shall file a disclosure form at the end of each calendar quarter in which there occurs any event that materially affects the accuracy of the information contained in any disclosure form previously filed by such person under subparagraph (c)(1) of this clause. An event that materially affects the accuracy of the information reported includes-

(i) A cumulative increase of \$25,000 or more in the amount paid or expected to be paid for influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or

 $\mbox{(ii) A change in the person(s) or individual(s)} influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or \mbox{}$

 $\mbox{(iii) A change in the officer(s), employee(s), or M ember(s) contacted to influence or attempt to influence a covered Federal action.} \label{eq:fitting}$

- (3) The Seller shall require the submittal of a certification, and if required, a disclosure form by any person which requests or received any subcontract exceeding \$100,000 under the Federal contract.
- (4) All subcontractor disclosure forms (but not certifications) shall be forwarded from tier to tier until received by Seller. Seller shall submit all disclosures to FERMCO at the end of the calendar quarter in which the disclosure form is submitted by the Seller. Each subcontractor

certification shall be retained in the contract file of the Seller.

(d) Agreement. The Seller agrees not to make any payment prohibited by the clause.

(e) Penalties.

- (1) Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under paragraph (a) of this clause or who fails to file or amend the disclosure form to be filed or amended by paragraph (b) of this clause shall be subject to civil penalties as provided for by 31 U.S.C. 1352. An imposition of a civil penalty does not prevent FERMCO from seeking any other remedy that may be applicable.
- (2) Sellers may rely without liability on the representation made by their subcontractors in the certification and disclosure form.
- (f) Cost allocability. Nothing in this clause makes allowable or reasonable any cost which would otherwise be unallowable or unreasonable. Conversely, costs made specifically unallowable by the requirements in this clause will not be made allowable under any other provision.

E.2 FAR 52.214-26 AUDIT -- SEALED BIDDING (APR 1985)

- (a) Cost or pricing data. If the Seller has submitted cost or pricing data in connection with the pricing of any modification to this contract, unless the pricing was based on adequate price competition, established catalog or market prices of commercial items sold in substantial quantities to the general public, or prices set by law or regulation, FERMCO or a representative shall have the right to examine and audit all books, records, documents, and other data of the Seller (including computations and projections) related to negotiating, pricing or performing the modification, in order to evaluate the accuracy, completeness, and currency of the cost or pricing data. In the case of pricing any modification, the Comptroller General of the United States or a representative of FERMCO shall have the same rights.
- (b) Availability. The Seller shall make available at its office at all reasonable times the materials described in paragraph (a) above, for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract, or for any other period specified in Subpart 4.7 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR). FAR Subpart 4.7, Seller Records Retention, in effect on the date of this contract, is incorporated by reference in its entirety and made a part of this contract.
- (1) If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement.
- (2) Records pertaining to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to the performance of this contract shall be made available until disposition of such litigation or claims.
- (c) The Seller shall insert a clause containing all the provisions of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts over \$10,000 under this contract, altering the clause only as necessary to identify properly the contracting parties.

E.3 FAR 52.214-27 PRICE REDUCTION FOR DEFECTIVE COST OR PRICING DATA --MODIFICATIONS -- SEALED BIDDING (DEC 1991)

- (a) This clause shall become operative only for any modification to this contract involving aggregate increases and/or decreases in costs, plus applicable profits, of more than \$100,000, except that this clause does not apply to any modification for which the price is --
- (1) Based on adequate price competition;

- (2) Based on established catalog or market prices of commercial items sold in substantial quantities to the general public; or
- (3) Set by law or regulation.
- (b) If any price, including profit, negotiated in connection with any modification under this clause, was increased by any significant amount because (1) the Seller or a subcontractor furnished cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, (2) a subcontractor or prospective subcontractor furnished the Seller cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in the Seller's Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, or (3) any of these parties furnished data of any description that were not accurate, the price shall be reduced accordingly and the contract shall be modified to reflect the reduction. This right to a price reduction is limited to that resulting from defects in data relating to modifications for which this clause becomes operative under paragraph (a) above.
- (c) Any reduction in the contract price under paragraph (b) above due to defective data from a prospective subcontractor that was not subsequently awarded the subcontract shall be limited to the amount, plus applicable overhead and profit markup, by which (1) the actual subcontract or (2) the actual cost to the Seller, if there was no subcontract, was less than the prospective subcontract cost estimate submitted by the Seller; provided, that the actual subcontract price was not itself affected by defective cost or pricing data.
- (d) (1) If FERMCO determines under paragraph (b) of this clause that a price or cost reduction should be made, the Seller agrees not to raise the following matters as a defense --
- (i) The Seller or subcontractor was a sole source supplier or otherwise was in a superior bargaining position and thus the price of the contract would not have been modified even if accurate, complete, and current cost or pricing data had been submitted;
- (ii) FERMCO should have known that the cost or pricing data in issue were defective even though the Seller or subcontractor took no affirmative action to bring the character of the data to the attention of the FERMCO.
- (iii) The contract was based on an agreement about the total cost of the contract and there was no agreement about the cost of each item procured under the contract; or
- (iv) The Seller or subcontractor did not submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.
- (2)(i) Except as prohibited by subdivision (d)(2)(ii) of this clause, an offset in an amount determined appropriate by the FERMCO based upon the facts shall be allowed against the amount of a contract price reduction if --
- (A) The Seller certifies to FERMCO that, to the best of the Seller's knowledge and belief, the Seller is entitled to the offset in the amount requested; and
- (B) The Seller proves that the cost or pricing data were available before the date of agreement on the price of the contract (or price of the modification) and that the data were not submitted before such date.
 - (ii) An offset shall not be allowed if --
- (A) The understated data was known by the Seller to be understated when the Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data was signed; or

- (B) The Government proves that the facts demonstrate that the contract price would not have increased in the amount to be offset even if the available data had been submitted before the date of agreement on price.
- (e) If any reduction in the contract price under this clause reduces the price of items for which payment was made prior to the date of the modification reflecting the price reduction, the Seller shall be liable to and shall pay FERMCO at the time such overpayment is repaid.
- (1) Simple interest on the amount of such overpayment to be computed from the date(s) of overpayment to the Seller to the date FERMCO is repaid by the Seller at the applicable underpayment rate effective for each quarter prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury under 26 U.S.C. 6621(a)(2).

E.4 FAR 52.214-28 SELLER COST OR PRICING DATA -- MODIFICATIONS -- SEALED BIDDING (DEC 1991)

- (a) The requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this clause shall (1) become operative only for any modification to this contract involving aggregate increases and/or decreases in costs, plus applicable profits, expected to exceed \$100,000. (2) be limited to such modifications.
- (b) Before awarding any contract expected to exceed \$100,000 when entered into, or pricing any subcontract modification involving aggregate increases and/or decreases in costs, plus applicable profits, expected to exceed \$100,000, the Seller shall require the subcontractor to submit cost or pricing data (actually or by specific identification in writing), unless the price is --
 - (1) Based on adequate price competition;
- (2) Based on established catalog or market prices of commercial items sold in substantial quantities to the general public; or
 - (3) Set by law or regulation.
- (c) The Seller shall require its subcontractor(s) to certify in substantially the form prescribed in subsection 15.804-4 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the data submitted under paragraph (b) above were accurate, complete, and current as of the date of agreement on the negotiated price of the subcontract or subcontract modification.
- (d) The Seller shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in each subcontract that exceeds \$100,000, when entered into.

E.5 FAR 52.215-22 PRICE REDUCTION FOR DEFECTIVE COST OR PRICING DATA (JAN 1991)

- (a) If any price, including profit or fee, negotiated in connection with this contract, or any cost reimbursable under this contract, was increased by any significant amount because (1) the Seller or a subcontractor furnished cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, (2) a Seller or prospective subcontractor furnished the Seller cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in the Seller's Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, or (3) any of these parties furnished data of any description that were not accurate, the price or cost shall be reduced accordingly and the contract shall be modified to reflect the reduction.
- (b) Any reduction in the contract price under paragraph (a) above due to defective data from a prospective Seller that was not subsequently awarded the subcontract shall be limited to the amount, plus applicable overhead and profit markup, by which (1) the actual subcontract or (2) the actual cost to the Seller, if there was no subcontract, was less than the prospective subcontract cost estimate submitted by the Seller; provided that the actual subcontract price was not itself affected by defective cost or pricing data.

- (c) (1) If FERMCO determines under paragraph (a) of this clause that a price or cost reduction should be made, the Seller agrees not to raise the following matters as a defense:
- (i) The Seller or subcontractor was a sole source supplier or otherwise was in a superior bargaining position and thus the price of the contract would not have been modified even if accurate, complete, and current cost or pricing data had been submitted.
- (ii) FERMCO should have known that the cost or pricing data in issue were defective even though the Seller or subcontractor took no affirmative action to bring the character of the data to the attention of FERMCO.
- (iii) The contract was based on an agreement about the total cost of the contract and there was no agreement about the cost of each item procured under the contract.
- $\hbox{(iv) The Seller or subcontractor did not submit} \\ a \ Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.$
- (2) (i) Except as prohibited by subdivision (c)(2)(ii) of this clause, an offset in an amount determined appropriate by FERMCO based upon the facts shall be allowed against the amount of a contract price reduction if-

(A) The Seller certifies to FERMCO that, to the best of the Seller's knowledge and belief, the Seller is entitled to the offset in the amount requested; and

(B) The Seller proves that the cost or pricing data were available before the date of agreement on the price of the contract (or price of the modification) and that the data were not submitted before such date.

(ii) An offset shall not be allowed if-

(A) The understated data was known by the Seller to be understated when the Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data was signed; or

(B) FERMCO proves that the facts demonstrate that the contract price would not have increased in the amount to be offset even if the available data had been submitted before the date of agreement on price.

- (d) If any reduction in the contract price under this clause reduces the price of items for which payment was made prior to the date of the modification reflecting the price reduction, the Seller shall be liable to and shall pay FERMCO at the time such overpayment is repaid--
- (1) Simple interest on the amount of such overpayment to be computed from the date(s) of overpayment to the Seller to the date FERMCO is repaid by the Seller at the applicable underpayment rate effective for each quarter prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury under 26 U.S.C. 6621(A)(2); and

E.6. FAR 52.215-23 PRICE REDUCTION FOR DEFECTIVE COST OR PRICING DATA-MODIFICATIONS (DEC 1991)

- (a) This clause shall become operative only for any modification to this contract involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed \$100,000, except that this clause does not apply to any modification for which the price is-
 - (1) Based on adequate price competition;

(2) Based on established catalog or market prices of commercial items sold in substantial quantities to the general public; or

(3) Set by Law or regulation.

- (b) If any price, including profit or fee, negotiated in connection with any modification under this clause, or any cost reimbursable under this contract, was increased by any significant amount because (1) the Seller or a subcontractor furnished cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, or (2) a Seller or prospective subcontractor furnished the Seller cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in the Seller's Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, or (3) any of these parties furnished data of any description that were not accurate, the price or cost shall be reduced accordingly and the contract shall be modified to reflect the reduction. This right to a price reduction is limited to that resulting from defects in data relating to modifications for which this clause becomes operative under paragraph (a) of this clause.
- (c) Any reduction in the contract price under paragraph (b) of this clause due to defective data from a prospective subcontractor that was not subsequently awarded the subcontract shall be limited to the amount, plus applicable overhead and profit markup, by which (1) the actual subcontract or (2) the actual cost to the Seller, if there was no subcontract, was less than the prospective subcontract cost estimate submitted by the subcontractor; provided, that the actual subcontract price was not itself affected by defective cost or pricing data.
- (d) (1) If FERMCO determines under paragraph (b) of this clause that a price or cost reduction should be made, the Seller agrees not to raise the following matters as a defense:
- (i) The Seller or subcontractor was a sole source supplier or otherwise was in a superior bargaining position and thus the price of the contract would not have been modified even if accurate, complete, and current costs or pricing data had been submitted.
- (ii) FERMCO should have known that the cost or pricing data in issue were defective even though the Seller or subcontractor took no affirmative action to bring the character of the data to the attention of FERMCO.
- (iii) The contract was based on an agreement about the total cost of the contract and there was no agreement about the cost of each item procured under the contract; or
- $\hbox{(iv) The Seller or subcontractor did not submit} \\ a \mbox{ Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data}.$
- (2) (i) Except as prohibited by subdivision (d)(2)(ii) of this clause, an offset in an amount determined appropriate by FERMCO based upon the facts shall be allowed against the amount of a contract price reduction if-
- (A) The Seller certifies to FERMCO that, to the best of the Seller's knowledge and belief, the Seller is entitled to the offset in the amount requested; and
- (B) The Seller proves that the cost or pricing data were available before the date of agreement on the price of the contract (or price of the modification) and that the data were not submitted before such date.
 - (ii) An offset shall not be allowed if-
 - (A) The understated data was

known by the Seller to be understated when the Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data was signed; or

(B) FERMCO proves that the facts demonstrate that the contract price would not have increased in the amount to be offset even if the available data had been submitted before the date of agreement on price.

- (e) If any reduction in the contract price under this clause reduces the price of items for which payment was made prior to the date of the modification reflecting the price reduction, the Seller shall be liable to and shall pay FERMCO at he time such overpayment is repaid-
- (1) Simple interest on the amount of such overpayment to be computed from the date(s) of overpayment to the Seller to the date FERMCO is repaid by the Seller at the applicable underpayment rate effective for each quarter prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury under 26 U.S.C. 6621 (a)(2); and

E.7 FAR 52.215-24 SUBCONTRACTOR COST OR PRICING DATA (DEC 1991)

- (a) Before awarding any contract expected to exceed \$100,000, when entered into, or before pricing any Seller modification involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed \$100,000, the Seller shall require the Seller's subcontractor to submit cost or pricing data (actually or by specific identification in writing), unless the price is--
 - (1) Based on adequate price competition;
- (2) Based on established catalog or market prices of commercial items sold in substantial quantities to the general public; or
 - (3) Set by law or regulations.
- (b) The Seller shall require the Seller's subcontractor to certify in substantially the form prescribed in subsection 15.804-4 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the data submitted under paragraph (a) of this clause were accurate, complete, and current as of the date of agreement on the negotiated price of the subcontract or subcontract modification.
- (c) In each subcontract that exceeds \$100,000, when entered into, the Seller shall insert either--
- (1) The substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), if paragraph (a) of this clause requires submission of cost or pricing data for the subcontract; or
- (2) The substance of the clause at FAR 52.215-25, Subcontractor Cost or Pricing Data-Modifications.

E.8 FAR 52.215-25 SUBCONTRACTOR COST OR PRICING DATA-MODIFICATIONS (DEC 1991)

- (a) The requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this clause shall (1) become operative only for any modification to this contract involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed \$100,000; and (2) be limited to such modifications.
- (b) Before awarding any subcontract expected to exceed \$100,000, when entered into, or pricing any subcontract modification involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed \$100,000, the Seller shall require the Seller's subcontractor to submit cost or pricing data (actually or by specific identification

in writing), unless the price is--

- (1) Based on adequate price competition;
- (2) Based on established catalog or market prices of commercial items sold in substantial quantities to the general public; or
 - (3) Set by law or regulation.
- (c) The Seller shall require the subcontractor to certify in substantially the form prescribed in subsection 15.804-4 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the data submitted under paragraph (b) of this clause were accurate, complete, and current as of the date of agreement of the negotiated price of the subcontract or subcontract modification.
- (d) The Seller shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in each subcontract that exceeds \$100,000, when entered into.

E.9 FAR 52.223-2 CLEAN AIR AND WATER (APR 1984)

NOTE: This clause applies to this contract only if (a) it is expected to exceed \$100,000; (b) a facility to be used has been the subject of a conviction under the applicable portion of the Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7413(c)(1)) on the Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1319(c)) and is listed by Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as a violating facility; or (c) the acquisition is not exempt under FAR 23.104.

(a) "Air Act," as used in this clause, means the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401, et seq.).

"Clean air standards," as used in this clause means -

- (1) Any enforceable rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, limitations, orders, controls, prohibitions, work practices, or other requirements contained in, issued under, or otherwise adopted under the Air Act or Executive Order 11738;
- (2) An applicable implementation plan as described in section 110(d) of the Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(d));
- (3) An approved implementation procedure or plan under section 111(c) or section 111(d) of the Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411(c) or (d)); or
- (4) An approved implementation procedure under section 112(d) of the Air Act (42 U.S.C 7410(d)).

"Clean water standards," as used in this clause, means any enforceable limitation, control, condition, prohibition, standard, or other requirement promulgated under the Water Act of contained in a permit issued to a discharger by the EPA or by a State under an approved program, as authorized by section 402 of the Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1342), or by local government to ensure compliance with pretreatment regulations as required by section 307 of the Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1317).

"Compliance," as used in this clause, means compliance with-

- (1) Clean air or water standards; or
- (2) A schedule or plan ordered or approved by a court of competent jurisdiction, the EPA, or an air or water pollution control agency under the requirements of the Air Act or Water Act and related regulations.

"Facility," as used in this clause, means any building, plant, installation, structure, mine, vessel or other floating craft, location, or site of

operations, owned, leased, or supervised by a Seller or Seller's subcontractor, used in the performance of a contract or subcontract. When a location or site of operations includes more than one building, plant, installation, or structure, the entire location or site shall be deemed a facility except when the Administrator, or a designee, of the EPA, determines that independent facilities are collocated in one geographical area.

"Water Act," as used in this clause, means Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1251, et seq.).

(b) The Seller agrees--

- (1) To comply with all the requirements of section 114 of the Clean Air Act (41 U.S.C. 7414) and section 308 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1318) relating to inspection, monitoring, entry, reports, and information, as well as other requirements specified in section 114 and section 308 of the Air Act and the Water Act, and all regulations and guidelines issued to implement those acts before the award of this contract;
- (2) That no portion of the work required by this contract with be performed in a facility listed on the EPA List of Violating Facilities on the date when this contract was awarded unless and until the EPA eliminates the name of the facility from the listing;
- (3) To use best efforts to comply with clean air standards and clean water standards at the facility in which the contract is being performed; and
- (4) To insert the substance of this clause into any nonexempt subcontract, including this subparagraph (b)(4).